

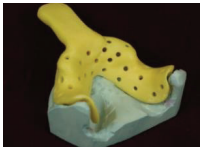





Creating **Successful Removables Cases** with Your DSG Lab

Doctor and Lab working as a team

Your treatment planning defines what is the most appropriate modality and what proper production sequencing is needed. The more advanced the treatment planned, the more important the laboratories involvement, especially during the early stages of case development. The initial investment of time for collaboration and communication in planning the case together, saves your valuable chairside time, provides better restorative results and adds to your patients satisfaction.

Steps for Predictability & Success

OFFICE	LAB RX	WHAT TO SEND TO LAB	WHAT TO EXPECT FROM THE LAB
1ST VISIT Patient communication & Primary Impression	STEP 1 Request custom tray with drs instructions and signature	Custom tray created from primary model	
2ND VISIT Final impression using lab manufactured custom tray	STEP 2 Request working model, bite blocks, occlusal rim	Final Impression – Check for accuracy and all landmarks included. Return all models & impressions well wrapped	
3RD VISIT Occlusal registration	STEP 3 Request set up including type of tooth, gender, design, shade, etc.	Bite rim with index bite, all models including opposing wrapped carefully	
4TH VISIT Try-in	STEP 4 Request completion/finish if no changes. Please note if changes have been made a re-set is needed or go to finish	Return all including models articulation, new bite if there are changes	

5TH VISIT – SEATING OF DENTURE AND ANY ADJUSTMENTS

Helpful tools to provide the best results

PAPILLAMETER

Measures the length of the upper lip at rest position esthetics and the construction of the wax rims. It provides a guide for the length of the wax rim and precludes the usual time consuming procedure of reducing a bulky wax rim.



PATIENT INFORMATION

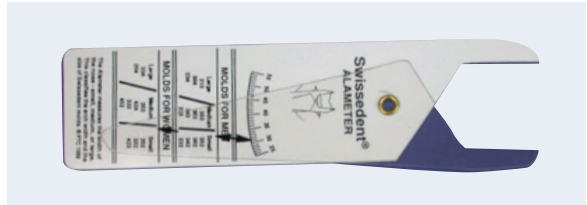
Pictures* age, gender, facial shape, skin tone, notes on patient expectations included on completed RX

**Cell phone photos can work & connect the patient to the technician. Facial photo with patient smiling, both with wax rim and/or teeth as well as a lateral photo with the lips closed.*



ALAMETER

Measures the width of the nose for teeth mold selection and proper bite rim placement



Tips and Techniques for Edentulous Impressions

Keep in mind that ALL edentulous tissue is constantly being irritated through the process of speaking, eating and even swallowing... therefore it is slightly swollen. This irritation occurs even when covered by a denture or partial. To insure a better representation of the tissue, ALWAYS have the patient swish with very cold water and dry the ridges immediately prior to taking an impression for a removable appliance. The cool water will shrink the tissue for a short time.



Use a custom tray without an spacer as opposed to trays with spacers and tissue stops. This has a great advantage for the dentist when it comes to border molding since the tray only seats in one place. Then, after border molding just take a final impression with a light bodied impression material.

Remember an impression is your most important communication tool. Accurate impressions should clearly communicate all of the anatomical structures for accuracy and the best possible fit of the final removable prosthetic.